

Sanding Your Floor

- Always start your sanding project with the lowest or most course possible grit that will cut and level your floor.
- Never skip more than two grits when sanding a floor.
- Empty your sander bags when they are ½ full. This will help with the dust pickup.
- If the cutting action of the sander seems to slow or diminish, it is probably time to change the sandpaper.



ORBITAL SANDER

- Perfect for light sanding and refinishing
- Does not have to follow the grain of the wood
- Can also be used for polishing, waxing, re-coating, waxing, re-coating on decks, floors & tiles



DRUM SANDER

- The tilt action allows for more controlled and even sanding
- When you sand forward and backward you can be assured of straight sanding because it runs on the drum and wheels
- The drum will not slow down or speed up as it sands, resulting in a level, smooth finish.
- The slow (1800 RPM) constant speed of the drum will not gouge floors



EDGER

- Disc Guard- Free Wheeling- non marking allows sanding right to the edge without damaging the walls
- Oversize rerouted chamber for extra- clean pickup
- Offers electronically balanced parts for vibration free operation

FLOOR CONDITIONS

- A- GLUE/ROUGH
- B- NORMAL
- C- REALLY GOOD W/PALM SANDER

FOLLOW THE GUIDE ACCORDING TO YOUR FLOORS CONDITION. STEPS WILL BE FOR EXAMPLE A1,A2,A3 AND ETC.

	ORBITAL	DRUM	EDGER	TOE KICK
20 GRIT <i>For removing old surface coatings & leveling floors.</i>		A1	A2	
36 GRIT <i>1. For intermediate sanding of floors following rough floors</i> <i>2. For initial sanding of moderately worn floors.</i>	C1	B1	B2	
60 GRIT <i>1. For mid sanding of all floors prior to final finish grit.</i>		A3	A4	
100 GRIT <i>1. For finish sanding of all floors prior to applying new coatings.</i> <i>2. For removing lights scratches, sanding marks and minor surface damage</i>	A7 C2	A5 B3	A6 B4	
150 SCREEN <i>1. For light sanding between surface coatings.</i> <i>2. For removing fine scratch marks prior to applying new coatings.</i>	A8 B5 C3			